

Pupil / staff has symptoms (1)

If a person becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature ($>37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$), or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), **then** they must be sent home, to self-isolate and arrange to take a test.

AND

Other members of their household should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms.

The symptomatic person has a test conducted.

If the test is negative, the individual feels well and no longer has symptoms similar to coronavirus, **then** they can stop self-isolating.

Other members of their household can stop self-isolating as a result of the negative test.

If the test is positive, **then** the individual must isolate for whichever is the **longer** of 10 days from the onset of symptoms or until they are asymptomatic (excluding cough & anosmia). *Other members of their household should continue to self-isolate for 14 days from the symptomatic person's onset of symptoms.**

Household member of a pupil / staff has symptoms (2)

If a household member becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature ($>37.8^{\circ}\text{C}$), or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), **then** they must self-isolate and arrange to take a test.

AND

All members of the symptomatic person's household who are at the school should be sent home to self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic household member first had symptoms.

The symptomatic person has a test conducted.

If the test is *negative*, the *members of their household* can stop self-isolating as a result of the negative test and return to the school.

If the test is *positive*, **then** the *other members of their household* should continue to self-isolate for 14 days from the symptomatic person's onset of symptoms. If anyone else develops symptoms, then they should restart using the previous flow chart but other, asymptomatic, household members do not.

A person who has been in close contact with individuals has a positive test result

The health protection team will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A person who has been in contact with someone who has tested positive will be sent home and asked to self-isolate for 14 days*.

*The 14 days starts from the time of last contact with the positive person.

If a person has been in contact with someone who has tested positive and is sent home to self-isolate for 14 days, **then their household** does not need to self-isolate at this stage.

If a person who has been in contact with someone who has tested positive subsequently *develops symptoms themselves* within their 14-day isolation period, **then** they should stay at home and get a test. At this point their household needs to self-isolate for 14 days from the onset of the person developing symptoms.

The new symptomatic person has a test conducted.

If the test delivers a *negative result*, **then** they must remain in isolation for the remainder of their 14-day isolation period as they could still get symptoms after being tested. However, at this point their household can stop self-isolating if they themselves do not have symptoms.

If the test delivers a *positive result*, **then** they should inform their school immediately. They must continue to isolate for whichever is the **longer** of 10 days from the onset of their symptoms or until they are asymptomatic (excluding cough & anosmia). Their household should continue to self-isolate for at least 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms.